

Math 6441 - Fall 2009
Homework 3

Please work all the problems, but carefully write up problems 3, 4, 6, 7, and 10.

1. Let M be a closed oriented n manifold. Show $H_{n-1}(M; \mathbb{Z})$ is torsion free.
2. If M is a closed orientable 3 manifold with $H_1(M; \mathbb{Z}) = 0$ show $H_*(M; \mathbb{Z}) = H_*(S^3; \mathbb{Z})$ (that is show M is a homology sphere). If you prefer a little challenge show that a closed oriented 3 manifold with $\pi_1(M) = 1$ is a homotopy sphere.
3. Let M be a compact orientable 3 manifold with boundary having $H_1(M)$ finite. Show ∂M is a union of spheres.
4. If M is a closed orientable $4k$ manifold then the cup product pairing on $H^{2k}(M; \mathbb{Z})$ is a symmetric nondegenerate pairing. Picking a basis for $H^{2k}(M)$ the pairing can be represented by a matrix. Such a symmetric matrix can be diagonalized over \mathbb{R} . After diagonalizing the number of positive elements down the diagonal is called b_+^{2k} and the number of negative elements is b_-^{2k} . The signature of the pairing is $\sigma(M) = b_+^{2k} - b_-^{2k}$. Prove that if $M = \partial W$ for a compact oriented $4k + 1$ manifold then $\sigma(M) = 0$. Is $\mathbb{C}P^2 \# \mathbb{C}P^2$ the boundary of a compact oriented 5 manifold? For a challenge what about $\mathbb{C}P^2 \# -\mathbb{C}P^2$? Where $-\mathbb{C}P^2$ is $\mathbb{C}P^2$ with the reversed orientation.
5. Show X_1 and X_2 are homotopy equivalent if and only if for every space Y there is a one-to-one correspondence $\psi_Y : [X_1, Y] \rightarrow [X_2, Y]$ such that for every continuous map $h : Y \rightarrow Y'$ we have

$$h_* \circ \psi_Y = \psi_{Y'} \circ h_*.$$

6. Let $\pi : \tilde{X} \rightarrow X$ be a covering space. Show $\pi_* : \pi_n(\tilde{X}) \rightarrow \pi_n(X)$ is an isomorphism for all $n \geq 2$. Compute $\pi_n(S^1)$ for all n . Compute $\pi_n(\Sigma)$ for all n , where Σ is an oriented surface of genus 2.
7. Given CW pairs (X, A) and (Y, B) and a cellular map $f : (X, A) \rightarrow (Y, B)$ show that

$$f_* \circ h_n = h_n \circ f_*$$

where h_n is the Hurewicz map $h_n : \pi_n(X, A) \rightarrow H_n(X, A)$ or $h_n : \pi_n(Y, B) \rightarrow H_n(Y, B)$.

8. With notation as in the previous problem show

$$\partial \circ h_n = h_{n-1} \circ \partial$$

where $\partial : \pi_n(X, A) \rightarrow \pi_{n-1}(A)$ on the left hand side of the equation and on the right $\partial : H_n(X, A) \rightarrow H_{n-1}(A)$.

9. Compute the homotopy groups of $\mathbb{C}P^\infty$. The easiest way to do this is to think of S^∞ as an S^1 bundle over $\mathbb{C}P^\infty$. Note this shows that $\mathbb{C}P^\infty$ is a $K(\pi, n)$ for some π and n .
10. Show that any map $f : X \rightarrow Y$ from an n -dimensional CW complex to an n -connected space is null-homotopic.
11. A space X is *aspherical* if $\pi_n(X) = 0$ for $n > 1$. If Y is an aspherical space then show that for any homomorphism $\psi : \pi_1(X) \rightarrow \pi_1(Y)$ there is a map $f_\psi : X \rightarrow Y$ that induces ψ on π_1 . In other words there is a one to one correspondence

$$[X, Y]_0 = \text{Hom}(\pi_1(X), \pi_1(Y)).$$