## Math 6441 - Spring 2020 Homework 5

Read Chapter 3.1 and 3.2 in Hatcher's book.

Work all these problems and talk to me if you have any questions on them, but carefully write up and turn in only problems 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 13. Due: April 15.

- 1. Given a homomorphism  $f: G \to H$  of abelian group show there is an induced homomorphism  $f_*: H_n(X; G) \to H_n(X; H)$ .
- 2. If  $0 \to G_1 \xrightarrow{a} G_2 \xrightarrow{b} G_3 \to 0$  is a short exact sequence of abelian groups then for any topological space there is a long exact sequence

$$\dots \to H_n(X;G_1) \xrightarrow{a_*} H_n(X;G_2) \xrightarrow{b_*} H_n(X;G_3) \xrightarrow{\beta} H_{n-1}(X;G_1) \dots$$

The map  $\beta$  is called the Bockstein map.

3. Let X be a CW complex of dimension n with a finite number of cells. Let  $l_k$  be the number of k cells in X. Show

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} (-1)^{i} l_{k} = \sum_{i=0}^{n} (-1)^{i} \operatorname{rank} H_{i}(X).$$

This number is called the Euler characteristic of X and denoted  $\chi(X)$ . Note the formula above implies that you can (1) compute  $\chi(X)$  easily from the cell structure on X, but it is an invariant of the homotopy type of X.

4. If X is a CW complex that is the union of Y and Z where Y, Z, and  $Y \cap Z$  are subcomplexes, then

$$\chi(X) = \chi(Y) + \chi(Z) - \chi(Y \cap Z).$$

- 5. Show that if  $\widetilde{X}$  is a *n* fold covering space of the CW complex *X* then  $\chi(\widetilde{X}) = n\chi(X)$ . Hint: you need to say something about the CW structure on  $\widetilde{X}$ . For this problem you just need to describe the structure, but don't need to prove the structure is correct (though you should think through this).
- 6. Show that a surface of genus g can be a covering space of a surface of genus h if and only if g = n(h-1) + 1 for some integer n. (Here all surfaces are assumed to be oriented.)
- 7. Compute the homology of  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  with coefficients in  $\mathbb{Z}$  and  $\mathbb{Z}/2$ .
- 8. Given a sequence of abelian groups  $G_0 = \mathbb{Z}, G_1, \ldots, G_n$  show there is a CW complex X such that  $H_i(X) \cong G_i$ .
- 9. A cochain  $\phi \in C^1(X; G)$  can be thought of as a function from paths in X to G. Show that if  $\delta \phi = 0$  then
  - (a)  $\phi(\gamma * \eta) = \phi(\gamma) + \phi(\eta),$
  - (b) if  $\gamma$  is homotopic to  $\eta$  rel endpoints, then  $\phi(\gamma) = \phi(\eta)$ ,
  - (c)  $\phi$  is a coboundary if and only if  $\phi(f)$  only depends on the endpoints of f, for all f,
  - (d) Show that the discussion above gives a homomorphism  $H^1(X; G) \to Hom(\pi_1(X); G)$ Note: the universal coefficients theorem says that this map is an isomorphism if X is path connected.

- 10. Show that a map  $f: S^n \to S^n$  has degree n if and only if  $f^*: H^n(S^n; \mathbb{Z}) \to H^n(S^n; \mathbb{Z})$  is multiplication by n.
- 11. In Hatcher's book, the cohomology of  $\mathbb{R}P^n$  is computed. Use this computation (you do not have to reproduce it) to show that there is no map  $\mathbb{R}P^n \to \mathbb{R}P^m$  inducing a nontrivial map  $H^1(\mathbb{R}P^m; \mathbb{Z}/2) \to H^1(\mathbb{R}P^n; \mathbb{Z}/2)$  if n > m.
- 12. Let  $M_g$  be a surface of genus g. Let X be the wedge product of g copies of the torus  $T^2$ . Problem 1 in Section 3.2 of Hatcher's book gives a quotient map  $M_g \to X$ . Compute the map induced on cohomology and determine the cup product structure on  $M_g$  in terms of the cup produce structure of  $T^2$  (which we worked out in class).
- 13. Show that any map  $S^4 \to S^2 \times S^2$  must induce the zero map on  $H^4$ . Show that this is not necessarily true for maps  $S^2 \times S^2 \to S^4$ .
- 14. For  $S^n \times S^m$  compute all cap products (don't forget the case when n = m).