

MATH 4280 - Hurley - homework problem February 1, 2008

1. Find an r -ary Huffman encoding for a source with the probabilities $p_i = 0.3, 0.2, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1$ for $r = 3$ and $r = 4$
2. Find an r -ary Huffman encoding for a source with the probabilities $p_i = 0.8, 0.11, 0.05, 0.02, 0.01, 0.005, 0.005$ for $r = 3, r = 4$ and $r = 5$.

1. $q = 6, r = 3$, Find $2 \leq S \leq 3$ such that $6 \equiv S \pmod{2}$
 $6 \equiv 2 \pmod{2}$, so first reduction is by 2

$$S = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6\}$$

$$.3 \quad .2 \quad .2 \quad .1 \quad .1 \quad .1$$

$$s_7 = s_5 \vee s_6 \quad p_7 = .2$$

$$S' = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_7, s_4\}$$

$$.3 \quad .2 \quad .2 \quad .2 \quad .1$$

$$s_8 = s_3 \vee s_7 \vee s_4 \quad p_8 = .5$$

$$S'' = \{s_8, s_1, s_2\}$$

$$.5 \quad .3 \quad .2$$

$$s_9 = s_8 \vee s_1 \vee s_2 \quad p_9 = 1$$

$$S''' = \{s_9\}$$

$$s_9 \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$s_8 \rightarrow 0$$

$$s_1 \rightarrow 1$$

$$s_2 \rightarrow 2$$

$$s_3 \rightarrow 00$$

$$s_7 \rightarrow 01$$

$$s_4 \rightarrow 02$$

$$s_5 \rightarrow 010$$

$$s_6 \rightarrow 011$$

$$C = \{1, 2, 00, 02, 010, 011\}$$

$$L(C) = 1 + .5 + .2$$

$$= 1.7$$

Alternate $q=6, r=3$

$$S = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6\}$$

.3 .2 .2 .1 .1 .1

$$s_7 = s_5 \vee s_6 \quad p_7 = .2$$

$$S' = \{s_1, s_7, s_2, s_3, s_4\}$$

.3 .2 .2 .2 .1

$$s_8 = s_2 \vee s_3 \vee s_4 \quad p_8 = .5$$

$$S'' = \{s_8, s_1, s_7\}$$

.5 .3 .2

$$s_9 = s_8 \vee s_1 \vee s_7 \quad p_9 = 1$$

$$S''' = \{s_9\}$$

$$s_9 \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$s_8 \rightarrow 0$$

$$s_1 \rightarrow 1$$

$$s_7 \rightarrow 2$$

$$s_2 \rightarrow 00$$

$$s_3 \rightarrow 01$$

$$s_4 \rightarrow 02$$

$$s_5 \rightarrow 20$$

$$s_6 \rightarrow 21$$

$$C = \{1, 00, 01, 02, 20, 21\}$$

1) $q=6, r=4$, Find $2 \leq S \leq 4$ s.t. $6 \equiv S \pmod{3}$

$6 \equiv 3 \pmod{3}$, first reduction is by 3

$$S = \{s_1, s_2, s_3, s_4, s_5, s_6\}$$

.3 .2 .2 .1 .1 .1

$$s_7 = s_4 \vee s_5 \vee s_6 \quad p_7 = .3$$

$$S' = \{s_7, s_1, s_2, s_3\}$$

.3 .3 .2 .2

$$s_8 = s_7 \vee s_1 \vee s_2 \vee s_3 \quad p_8 = 1$$

$$S'' = \{s_8\}$$

$$s_8 \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$s_7 \rightarrow 0$$

$$s_1 \rightarrow 1$$

$$s_2 \rightarrow 2$$

$$s_3 \rightarrow 3$$

$$s_4 \rightarrow 00$$

$$s_5 \rightarrow 01$$

$$s_6 \rightarrow 02$$

$$C = \{1, 2, 3, 00, 01, 02\}$$

2. Find an r -ary Huffman encoding for a source with the probabilities $p_i = .8, .11, .05, .02, .01, .005, .005$, for $r=3, r=4$ and $r=5$.

$$q=7, r=3, 7 \equiv 3 \pmod{2}, \text{ so } s=3.$$

$$S = \{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_5, S_6, S_7\}$$

$$.8 \quad .11 \quad .05 \quad .02 \quad .01 \quad .005 \quad .005$$

$$S_8 = S_5 \vee S_6 \vee S_7 \quad p_8 = .02$$

$$S' = \{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_8\}$$

$$.8 \quad .11 \quad .05 \quad .02 \quad .02$$

$$S_9 = S_3 \vee S_4 \vee S_8 \quad p_9 = .09$$

$$S'' = \{S_1, S_2, S_9\}$$

$$.8 \quad .11 \quad .09$$

$$S_{10} = S_1 \vee S_2 \vee S_9 \quad p_{10} = 1.$$

$$S_{10} \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$S_1 \rightarrow 0$$

$$S_2 \rightarrow 1$$

$$S_3 \rightarrow 2$$

$$S_4 \rightarrow 20$$

$$S_8 \rightarrow 21$$

$$S_9 \rightarrow 22$$

$$S_5 \rightarrow 220$$

$$S_6 \rightarrow 221$$

$$S_7 \rightarrow 222$$

$$C = \{0, 1, 20, 21, 220, 221, 222\}$$

$$q=7, r=4, 7 \equiv 4 \pmod{3}, \text{ so } s=4$$

$$S = \{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_5, S_6, S_7\}$$

$$.8 \quad .11 \quad .05 \quad .02 \quad .01 \quad .005 \quad .005$$

$$S_8 = S_4 \vee S_5 \vee S_6 \vee S_7, p_8 = .04.$$

$$S' = \{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_8\}$$

$$.8 \quad .11 \quad .05 \quad .04$$

$$S_9 = S_1 \vee S_2 \vee S_3 \vee S_8, p_9 = 1.$$

$$S'' = \{S_9\}$$

$$S_9 \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$S_1 \rightarrow 0$$

$$S_2 \rightarrow 1$$

$$S_3 \rightarrow 2$$

$$S_8 \rightarrow 3$$

$$S_4 \rightarrow 30$$

$$S_5 \rightarrow 31$$

$$S_6 \rightarrow 32$$

$$S_7 \rightarrow 33$$

$$C = \{0, 1, 2, 30, 31, 32, 33\}$$

2 | $r=5$

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$$q=7, r=5, 7 \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$$

$$S = \{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_5, S_6, S_7\}$$

.8 .11 .05 .02 .01 .005 .005

$$S_8 = S_5 \vee S_6 \vee S_7 \quad p_8 = .02$$

$$S' = \{S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4, S_8\}$$

.8 .11 .05 .02 .02

$$S'' = \{S_9\}$$

$S_9 = S_1 \vee S_2 \vee S_3 \vee S_4 \vee S_5 \quad p_9 = 1$

$$S_9 \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$S_1 \rightarrow 0$$

$$S_2 \rightarrow 1$$

$$S_3 \rightarrow 2$$

$$S_4 \rightarrow 3$$

$$S_8 \rightarrow 4$$

$$S_5 \rightarrow 40$$

$$S_6 \rightarrow 41$$

$$S_7 \rightarrow 42$$

$$C = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 40, 41, 42\}$$