

Practice Test 4D for Calculus II, Math 1502, November 7, 2012

Name:

Section:

Name of TA:

This test is to be taken without calculators and notes of any sorts. The allowed time is 50 minutes. Provide exact answers; not decimal approximations! For example, if you mean $\sqrt{2}$ do not write 1.414.... Show your work, otherwise credit cannot be given.

Write your name, your section number as well as the name of your TA on **EVERY PAGE** of this test. This is very important.

[illegible]

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I: (20 points) a) Compute a determinant for deciding whether the vectors

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

are linearly independent or not.

b) Consider the matrix

$$A = \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute $\det A^4$.

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II: (20 points) Consider the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 4 & -16 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) Find a basis for the Column Space.

b) Without doing any further computations, what is the dimension of the Column Space of A and what is the dimension of the Null space of A ?

c) Find a basis for the Null Space.

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III: (20 points) a) Is the vector

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

an eigenvector of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix} ?$$

If yes, what is the corresponding eigenvalue?

b) For the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

find an invertible matrix V and a diagonal matrix D such that $A = VDV^{-1}$ or explain why it cannot be done.

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IV: (20 points) Consider the difference equation

$$a_{n+1} = 2a_n + 3a_{n-1} \text{ , } a_0 = 1, a_1 = 1 \text{ .}$$

Find an expression for a_n for all $n = 1, 2, \dots$

V: (20 points) Which of the following matrices is diagonalizable? If it is , diagonalize it.

$$a) \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 9 \\ -16 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is the algebraic multiplicity and the geometric multiplicity of each eigenvalue?

$$b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is the algebraic multiplicity and the geometric multiplicity of each eigenvalue?