

## Homework 1, due Wednesday February 1

**I:** A linear operator  $A : D(A) \rightarrow \mathcal{H}$  is closed if and only if the domain  $D(A)$  endowed with the norm  $\|f\|_A := \sqrt{\|f\|^2 + \|Af\|^2}$  is a Banach space, i.e., a linear, normed, complete space.

**II: (Reed-Simon Vol. I)** Let  $\phi$  be a bounded measurable function on the real line and assume that  $\phi$  is not in  $L^2(\mathbb{R})$ . Fix a function  $\psi \in L^2(\mathbb{R})$  and consider the operator

$$Af = (\phi, f)\psi$$

on the domain

$$D(A) = \left\{ f \in L^2(\mathbb{R}) : \int_{\mathbb{R}} |f(x)\phi(x)| dx < \infty \right\} .$$

It is clear that all bounded functions of compact support are in  $D(A)$  and hence  $A$  is densely defined. Compute the adjoint  $A^*$ .

**III: (Reed-Simon Vol. I)** Let  $\mathcal{H}$  be a Hilbert space and  $e_n$  an orthonormal basis in  $\mathcal{H}$  and denote by  $e_\infty$  the vector

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} e_n .$$

Consider the domain  $D$  consisting of *finite* linear combinations of the form

$$ae_\infty + \sum c_i e_i ,$$

and on  $D$  consider the linear operator

$$A(ae_\infty + \sum c_i e_i) = ae_\infty .$$

Show that  $A$  is not closable.

**IV:** Let  $A$  be a densely defined operator on a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ . Show that

$$\text{Ran}(A)^\perp = \text{Ker}(A^*) .$$

Is it true that

$$\text{Ker}(A^*)^\perp = \text{Ran}(A) ?$$