

Calculus of Variations

Homework 1

January 11, 2012

1. If \mathcal{F} is a functional and the first variation

$$\delta\mathcal{F}_u[\eta] = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\mathcal{F}[u + h\eta] - \mathcal{F}[u]}{h}$$

exists and u is a minimizer, show that $\delta\mathcal{F}_u[\eta]$ must be zero.

2. Show that $\mathcal{V} = \{v \in C^1[a, b] : v(a) = 0 = v(b)\}$ is a vector space.
3. Prove that if $u \in C^0[a, b]$ and $\int uv = 0$ for every $v \in \mathcal{V}$ (see previous problem), then $u \equiv 0$.
4. Find a function $\mu \in C_c^\infty[a, b]$ with $\int \mu = 1$.
5. Show that for $\mu \in C_c^\infty[a, b]$ the following are equivalent:
 - (a) There is some $\eta \in C_c^\infty[a, b]$ such that $\mu = \eta'$.
 - (b) $\int_a^b \mu(x) dx = 0$.
6. Prove the fundamental lemma of the calculus of variations: If $u \in C^0[a, b]$ and $\int_{[a, b]} u\eta = 0$ for all $\eta \in C_c^\infty[a, b]$, then $u \equiv 0$.