

## WEEK 4 PROBLEMS

Math 6014A

1. Let  $G$  be a graph, let  $A \subseteq V(G)$ , let  $u \in V(G) - A$ , and let  $k$  be an integer. Prove that either
  - (i) there are  $k$  paths, each between  $u$  and some vertex of  $A$  with only  $u$  in common, or
  - (ii) there is a set  $X \subseteq V(G) - \{u\}$  with  $|X| < k$  such that  $G \setminus X$  has no path between  $u$  and  $A$ , and not both.
2. Let  $k \geq 2$  be an integer. Prove that if a graph  $G$  is  $k$ -connected, and  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_k$  are vertices of  $G$ , then there is a cycle in  $G$  that contains all  $v_i$ ,  $1 \leq i \leq k$ .  
*Hint.* Use induction to get a cycle through  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{k-1}$ .
3. Prove that if  $G$  is 3-regular, then the vertex-connectivity equals the edge-connectivity.
4. Let  $k \geq 2$  be an integer. Prove that every connected  $k$ -regular bipartite graph on at least three vertices is 2-connected.
5. Prove that any two edges of a 2-connected graph lie on a common cycle.
6. Let  $G$  be a 2-connected graph. Prove that its vertices can be numbered as  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$  in such a way that for all  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ , both sets  $\{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_i\}$  and  $\{v_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_n\}$  induce connected graphs.