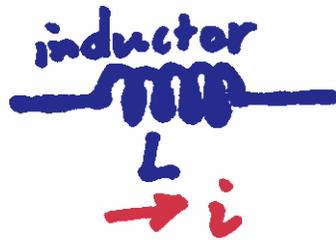


Electric Circuits & Diff Eq's

• Faraday's Law



L: inductance
i: electric current

$$(\text{voltage drop across the inductor}) = L \frac{di}{dt}$$

• Ohm's Law



R: resistance
i: electric current

$$(\text{voltage drop across the resistor}) = Ri$$

• Coulomb's Law



C: capacitance
Q: electric charge on capacitor

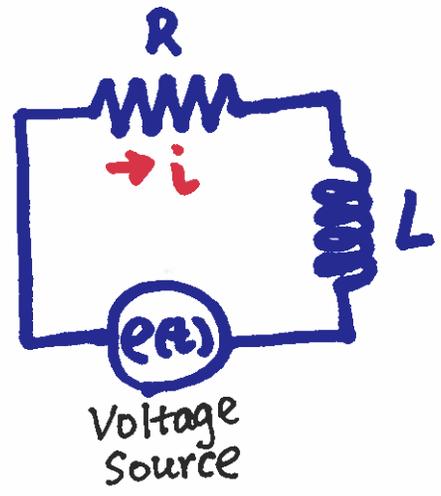
$$(\text{voltage drop across the capacitor}) = \frac{Q}{C}$$

$$\text{electric current } i = \frac{dQ}{dt}$$

• Kirchhoff's Voltage Law

$$(\text{the sum of voltage drops in any loop}) = 0$$

RL Circuit



• Differential Eq: $L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri = e(t) = 0$

[1st order lin. diff. eq
Solved by integrating factor]

• Gen. Soln $i(t) = e^{-\frac{R}{L}t} \int \frac{e(t)}{L} e^{\frac{R}{L}t} dt + Ke^{-\frac{R}{L}t}$

where K is a free parameter

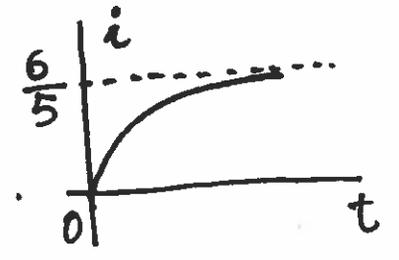
• Case $e(t) = E_0$ (constant voltage source)

$$i(t) = \frac{E_0}{R} + Ke^{-\frac{R}{L}t}$$

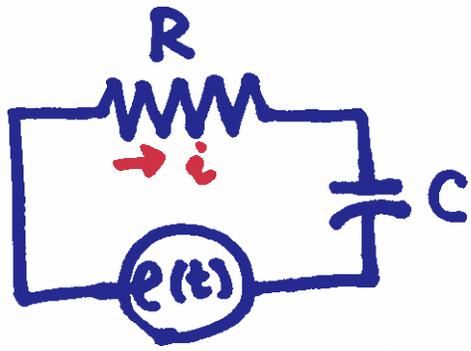
• Example $L = \frac{1}{2}$ henry, $R = 10$ ohm, $e(t) = E_0 = 12$ volt,

$i(0) = 0$.

$$\Rightarrow i(t) = \frac{12}{10} - \frac{12}{10} e^{-\frac{10}{1/2}t} = \frac{6}{5} - \frac{6}{5} e^{-20t} \text{ (ampere)}$$



RC Circuit



$$Ri + \frac{Q}{C} - e(t) = 0$$

Diff Eq for Q (Charge on the capacitor)

(*) $R \frac{dQ}{dt} + \frac{1}{C} Q - e(t) = 0$

Diff Eq for i (current)

$$R \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{C} i - e'(t) = 0$$

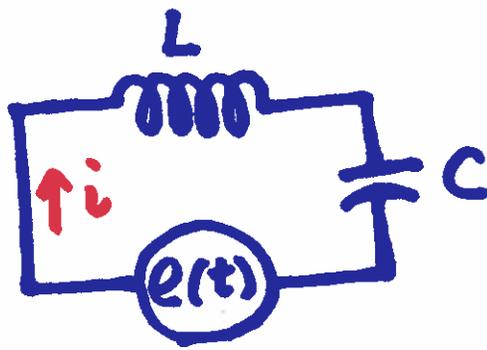
Apply $\frac{d}{dt}$ in (*).

Diff Eq for v (voltage drop across the capacitor)

$$RC \frac{dv}{dt} + v - e(t) = 0$$

Q replaced by Cv in (*).

LC Circuit



$$\begin{cases} L \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{Q}{C} - e(t) = 0 \\ i = \frac{dQ}{dt} \end{cases}$$

A System of Diff Eqs for Q and i

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dQ}{dt} = i \\ \frac{di}{dt} = -\frac{1}{CL} Q + \frac{e(t)}{L} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} Q \\ i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -\frac{1}{CL} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Q \\ i \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{e(t)}{L} \end{bmatrix}$$

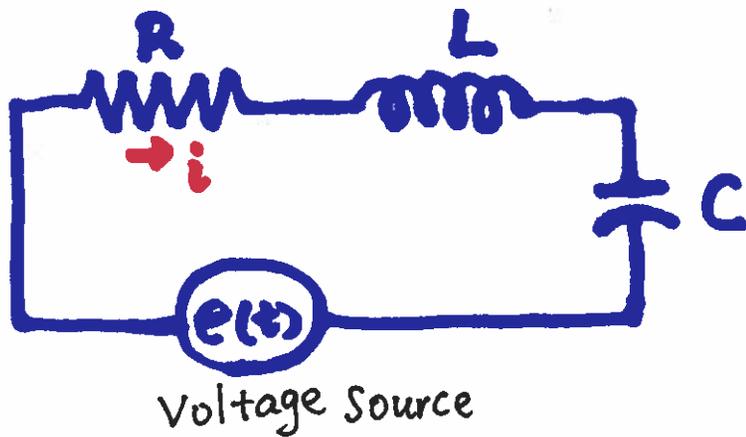
A 2nd order diff eq for Q

$$L \frac{d^2 Q}{dt^2} + \frac{1}{C} Q - e(t) = 0$$

A System of Diff Eqs for v and i:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{1}{C} i \\ \frac{di}{dt} = -\frac{1}{L} v + \frac{e(t)}{L} \end{cases}$$

RLC circuit



$$(*) \quad Ri + L \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{Q}{C} - e(t) = 0$$

$$i = \frac{dQ}{dt}$$
$$v = \frac{Q}{C}$$

Diff Eq for Q (electric charge on the capacitor)

$$L \frac{d^2Q}{dt^2} + R \frac{dQ}{dt} + \frac{Q}{C} = e(t)$$

Diff Eq for i (current)

$$L \frac{d^2i}{dt^2} + R \frac{di}{dt} + \frac{1}{C} i = \dot{e}(t)$$

Diff Eq for v (voltage drop across the capacitor)

$$Lc \frac{d^2v}{dt^2} + RC \frac{dv}{dt} + v = e(t)$$