

Quaife's Theorem (Q10)

Johan G. F. Belinfante and Claudia D. Huang
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```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["i:"]; << goedel71.20a; << tools.m

:Package Title: goedel71.20a          2005 July 20 at 9:10 a.m.

It is now: 2005 Jul 20 at 15:3

Loading Simplification Rules

TOOLS.M          Revised 2005 July 18

weightlimit = 40
```

summary

Quaife's Theorem (**Q10**) and its corollary are derived in this notebook. The derivations are simplified by using **nat** wrappers, but most of the final results are wrapper-free. Removing some variables yield functional statements for both results.

```
In[2]:= "Art Quaife, Automated Development of Fundamental Mathematical Theories,
        Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, the Netherlands, 1992.";
```

derivation of (Q10)

Lemma.

```
In[3]:= SubstTest[implies, and[member[pair[w, u], DIV], member[pair[w, v], DIV]],
            member[pair[w, natadd[u, v]], DIV],
            {u → natsub[nat[x], natmod[nat[x], nat[y]]],
             v → natsub[nat[z], natmod[nat[z], nat[y]]], w → nat[y]}]

Out[3]= member[pair[nat[y], natsub[natadd[nat[x], nat[z]],
            natadd[natmod[nat[x], nat[y]], natmod[nat[z], nat[y]]]], DIV] == True

In[4]:= (% /. {x → x_, y → y_, z → z_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

```
In[5]:= SubstTest[implies, member[pair[w, natsub[u, v]], DIV],
  equal[natmod[u, w], natmod[v, w]], {u -> natadd[nat[x], nat[y]],
  v -> natadd[natmod[nat[x], nat[z]], natmod[nat[y], nat[z]]], w -> nat[z]}
```

```
Out[5]= equal[natmod[natadd[nat[x], nat[y]], nat[z]], natmod[
  natadd[natmod[nat[x], nat[z]], natmod[nat[y], nat[z]]], nat[z]]] == True
```

```
In[6]:= (% /. {x -> x_, y -> y_, z -> z_}) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

The **nat** wrappers can be replaced with numberhood literals.

```
In[7]:= SubstTest[implies, and[equal[u, nat[x]], equal[v, nat[y]], equal[w, nat[z]]],
  equal[natmod[natadd[u, v], w], natmod[natadd[natmod[u, w], natmod[v, w]], w]],
  {u -> x, v -> y, w -> z}]
```

```
Out[7]= or[
  equal[natmod[natadd[x, y], z], natmod[natadd[natmod[x, z], natmod[y, z]], z]],
  not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]], not[member[z, omega]]] == True
```

```
In[8]:= (% /. {x -> x_, y -> y_, z -> z_}) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

When any variable is not a number, the same equation remains valid because both sides are then equal to **V**.

```
In[9]:= SubstTest[implies, and[equal[u, v], equal[v, w]],
  equal[u, w], {u -> natmod[natadd[x, y], z], v -> V,
  w -> natmod[natadd[natmod[x, z], natmod[y, z]], z]}
```

```
Out[9]= or[and[member[x, omega], member[y, omega], member[z, omega]],
  equal[natmod[natadd[x, y], z],
  natmod[natadd[natmod[x, z], natmod[y, z]], z]]] == True
```

```
In[10]:= (% /. {x -> x_, y -> y_, z -> z_}) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Combining these results yields a wrapper-free equation that can be made into a temporary rewrite rule. This is Quaife's Theorem (**Q10**).

```
In[11]:= SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], or[p1, p2],
  {p1 -> and[member[x, omega], member[y, omega], member[z, omega]], p2 -> equal[
  natmod[natadd[x, y], z], natmod[natadd[natmod[x, z], natmod[y, z]], z]]}]
```

```
Out[11]= True ==
  equal[natmod[natadd[x, y], z], natmod[natadd[natmod[x, z], natmod[y, z]], z]]
```

```
In[12]:= natmod[natadd[natmod[x_, z_], natmod[y_, z_]], z_] := natmod[natadd[x, y], z]
```

The following corollary subsumes this result, and will be made a permanent rewrite rule.

```
In[13]:= SubstTest[natmod,
  natadd[natmod[x, z], natmod[w, z]], z, w → natmod[y, z]] // Reverse
Out[13]= natmod[natadd[x, natmod[y, z]], z] == natmod[natadd[x, y], z]
In[14]:= natmod[natadd[x_, natmod[y_, z_]], z_] := natmod[natadd[x, y], z]
```

The Orderless attribute of **natadd** makes it unnecessary to add a similar rule with **x** and **y** interchanged.

```
In[15]:= natmod[natadd[natmod[x, z], y], z]
Out[15]= natmod[natadd[x, y], z]
```

functional version

Two variables can be removed from the statement of (Q10) using **reify**.

```
In[16]:= Map[VERTSECT, SubstTest[reify, w, natmod[
  f[natmod[first[w], x], natmod[second[w], x]], x], f → natadd]] // Reverse
Out[16]= composite[modulo[x], NATADD, cross[modulo[x], modulo[x]]] ==
  composite[modulo[x], NATADD]
In[17]:= composite[modulo[x_], NATADD, cross[modulo[x_], modulo[x_]]] :=
  composite[modulo[x], NATADD]
```

Corollaries:

```
In[18]:= Assoc[composite[modulo[x], NATADD],
  cross[modulo[x], modulo[x]], cross[modulo[x], Id]] // Reverse
Out[18]= composite[modulo[x], NATADD, cross[modulo[x], Id]] ==
  composite[modulo[x], NATADD]
In[19]:= composite[modulo[x_], NATADD, cross[modulo[x_], Id]] :=
  composite[modulo[x], NATADD]
In[20]:= Assoc[composite[modulo[x], NATADD],
  cross[modulo[x], modulo[x]], cross[Id, modulo[x]]] // Reverse
Out[20]= composite[modulo[x], NATADD, cross[Id, modulo[x]]] ==
  composite[modulo[x], NATADD]
In[21]:= composite[modulo[x_], NATADD, cross[Id, modulo[x_]]] :=
  composite[modulo[x], NATADD]
```

Reintroducing a variable yields:

```
In[22]:= Assoc[composite[modulo[x], NATADD], cross[modulo[x], Id], RIGHT[y]]
Out[22]= composite[modulo[x], plus[y], modulo[x]] = composite[modulo[x], plus[y]]
In[23]:= composite[modulo[x_], plus[y_], modulo[x_]] := composite[modulo[x], plus[y]]
```

removing variables from Quaife's corollary

Quaife's corollary of his theorem (Q10) is already available in the **GOEDEL** program. Only one variable needs a **nat** wrapper.

```
In[24]:= natmod[natadd[x, natmul[nat[y], z]], z]
Out[24]= natmod[x, z]
```

Lemma.

```
In[25]:= Assoc[id[x], id[image[V, intersection[omega, set[y]]]], modulo[y]] // Reverse
Out[25]= composite[id[intersection[x, image[V, intersection[omega, set[y]]]],
  modulo[y]] = composite[id[x], modulo[y]]
In[26]:= composite[id[intersection[x_, image[V, intersection[omega, set[y_]]]],
  modulo[y_]] := composite[id[x], modulo[y]]
```

A functional version of this result can be derived using **reify**.

```
In[27]:= Map[composite[VERTSECT[#, id[omega]] &, SubstTest[reify,
  w, natmod[natadd[x, f[nat[w], y]], y], f → natmul]] // Reverse
Out[27]= composite[modulo[y], plus[x], times[y]] = cart[omega, set[natmod[x, y]]]
In[28]:= composite[modulo[y_], plus[x_], times[y_]] := cart[omega, set[natmod[x, y]]]
```

Another variable can be removed by applying **reify** a second time.

```
In[29]:= Map[rotate[inverse[#]] &, SubstTest[reify, y,
  composite[modulo[x], f[y], times[x]], f → plus]] // Reverse
Out[29]= composite[modulo[x], NATADD, cross[Id, times[x]]] =
  composite[modulo[x], FIRST, id[cart[V, omega]]]
In[30]:= composite[modulo[x_], NATADD, cross[Id, times[x_]]] :=
  composite[modulo[x], FIRST, id[cart[V, omega]]]
```

A special case:

```
In[31]:= SubstTest[composite, modulo[nat[x]], plus[y], times[nat[x]], y → 0]
```

```
Out[31]= composite[modulo[nat[x]], times[nat[x]]] == cart[omega, set[0]]
```

```
In[32]:= composite[modulo[nat[x_]], times[nat[x_]]] := cart[omega, set[0]]
```