

Aclosure for unital submonoids

Johan G. F. Belinfante
2013 September 11

```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["1:"]; << goedel.13sep10a
      :Package Title: goedel.13sep10a          2013 September 10 at 11:40 a.m.

      Loading takes about seventeen minutes, half that time due to builtin pauses.

      It is now: 2013 Sep 11 at 5:57

      Loading Simplification Rules

      TOOLS.M is now incorporated in the GOEDEL program as of 2010 September 3

      weightlimit = 40

      Loading completed.

      It is now: 2013 Sep 11 at 6:14
```

summary

The set of unital submonoids of a monoid x is closed under arbitrary (non-empty) intersections. The key to deriving this result is a characterization of unital submonoids as submonoids that hold the point `pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]]`.

a characterization of unital submonoids

Theorem.

```
In[2]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2],
      implies[p2, p3], not[implies[p1, p3]], {p1 -> member[w, MONOIDS],
      p2 -> member[w, SEMIGPS], p3 -> or[equal[e[w], e[x]], not[member[x, MONOIDS]],
      not[member[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]], w]], not[subclass[w, x]]}]] // Reverse

Out[2]= or[equal[e[w], e[x]], not[member[w, MONOIDS]], not[member[x, MONOIDS]],
      not[member[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]], w]], not[subclass[w, x]]] == True

In[3]:= or[equal[e[w_], e[x_]], not[member[w_, MONOIDS]], not[member[x_, MONOIDS]],
      not[member[pair[pair[e[x_], e[x_]], e[x_]], w_]], not[subclass[w_, x_]]] := True
```

Observation.

```
In[4]:= implies[and[member[w, MONOIDS], subclass[w, x], member[x, MONOIDS]],
              equiv[equal[e[w], e[x]], member[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]], w]]] // not // not
Out[4]= True
```

the main theorem

For convenience, the wrapper `monoid[x]` will be used. In general `monoid[x]` could be either empty or a monoid. In the present situation however the hypothesis `pair[pair[monoid[x], monoid[x]], monoid[x]] ∈ w` rules out the possibility that `monoid[x]` be empty.

Lemma.

```
In[5]:= SubstTest[Aclosure, intersection[SEMIGPS, P[semigp[t]]], t → monoid[x]] // Reverse
Out[5]= Aclosure[intersection[SEMIGPS, P[monoid[x]]] == intersection[SEMIGPS, P[monoid[x]]]

In[6]:= Aclosure[intersection[SEMIGPS, P[monoid[x_]]]] := intersection[SEMIGPS, P[monoid[x]]]
```

Theorem.

```
In[7]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[u, v],
                subclass[Aclosure[u], Aclosure[v]], {u → intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
                    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]]]]]],
                    P[monoid[x]]], v → intersection[SEMIGPS, P[monoid[x]]]} // Reverse
Out[7]= subclass[Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
                    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]]]]]],
                    P[monoid[x]]]], SEMIGPS] == True

In[8]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[9]:= SubstTest[implies, and[subclass[u, v], subclass[v, w]],
                subclass[u, w], {u → Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
                    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]]]]]],
                    P[monoid[x]]]], v → intersection[SEMIGPS, complement[
                    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]]]]]],
                    P[monoid[x]]], w → MONOIDS]} // Reverse
Out[9]= subclass[Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
                    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]]]]]],
                    P[monoid[x]]]], MONOIDS] == True

In[10]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Main Theorem. The class of unital submonoids of a monoid is closed under arbitrary intersections.

```
In[11]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[Aclosure[t], t],
  equal[Aclosure[t], t], t -> intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]]]]]], P[
    monoid[x]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[11]= equal[Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
  P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]]]]]],
  P[monoid[x]]], intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
  P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]]]]]], P[
  monoid[x]]] == True
```

```
In[12]:= Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
  P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x_]], e[monoid[x_]]], e[monoid[x_]]]]]],
  P[monoid[x_]]] := intersection[MONOIDS, complement[P[complement[
  set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]]]]]], P[monoid[x]]]
```

Corollary. (Eliminating the **monoid** wrapper.)

```
In[13]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, monoid[t]],
  equal[Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]]]]]], P[x]], intersection[
    MONOIDS, complement[P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]]]]]],
    P[x]], t -> x] // Reverse // MapNotNot
```

```
Out[13]= or[equal[Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS,
  complement[P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]]]]]], P[x]],
  intersection[MONOIDS, complement[P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]]]]]],
  P[x]], not[member[x, MONOIDS]]] == True
```

```
In[14]:= or[equal[Aclosure[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
  P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[x_], e[x_]], e[x_]]]]]], P[x_]], intersection[
  MONOIDS, complement[P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[x_], e[x_]], e[x_]]]]]],
  P[x_]], not[member[x_, MONOIDS]]] := True
```

Observation. One can replace **Aclosure[-]** with **fix[HULL[-]** because the class of unital submonoids of a monoid is a set.

```
In[15]:= fix[HULL[intersection[MONOIDS, complement[P[complement[
  set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]]]]]], P[monoid[x]]]]]
```

```
Out[15]= intersection[MONOIDS,
  complement[P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]]]]]],
  P[monoid[x]]]
```

Theorem. The intersection of any non-empty collection of unital submonoids of **monoid[x]** is a monoid.

```
In[16]:= SubstTest[implies, and[equal[fix[HULL[t]], t], subclass[w, t], not[empty[w]]],
  member[A[w], t], t -> intersection[MONOIDS, complement[
    P[complement[set[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]]]]]],
    P[monoid[x]]] // Reverse // MapNotNot
```

```
Out[16]= or[equal[0, w], member[A[w], MONOIDS],
  not[member[pair[pair[e[monoid[x]], e[monoid[x]]], e[monoid[x]], A[w]]],
  not[subclass[w, MONOIDS]], not[subclass[U[w], monoid[x]]] == True
```

```
In[17]:= or[equal[0, w_], member[A[w_], MONOIDS],
  not[member[pair[pair[e[monoid[x_]], e[monoid[x_]]], e[monoid[x_]], A[w_]]],
  not[subclass[w_, MONOIDS]], not[subclass[U[w_], monoid[x_]]] := True
```

Corollary. (Eliminating the **monoid** wrapper.)

```
In[18]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, monoid[t]], or[equal[0, w],
  member[A[w], MONOIDS], not[member[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]], A[w]]],
  not[subclass[w, MONOIDS]], not[subclass[U[w], x]], t -> x] // Reverse // MapNotNot
```

```
Out[18]= or[equal[0, w], member[A[w], MONOIDS],
  not[member[x, MONOIDS]], not[member[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]], A[w]]],
  not[subclass[w, MONOIDS]], not[subclass[U[w], x]] == True
```

```
In[19]:= or[equal[0, w_], member[A[w_], MONOIDS],
  not[member[pair[pair[e[x_], e[x_]], e[x_]], A[w_]]], not[member[x_, MONOIDS]],
  not[subclass[w_, MONOIDS]], not[subclass[U[w_], x_]] := True
```

Theorem. The submonoid $A[w]$ is unital.

```
In[20]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2],
  implies[p1, p3], implies[and[p1, p2, p3], p4], not[implies[p1, p4]],
  {p1 -> and[subclass[w, MONOIDS], not[empty[w]], subclass[U[w], x], member[x, MONOIDS],
    member[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]], A[w]]], p2 -> member[A[w], MONOIDS],
    p3 -> subclass[A[w], x], p4 -> equal[e[A[w]], e[x]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[20]= or[equal[0, w], equal[e[x], e[A[w]]],
  not[member[x, MONOIDS]], not[member[pair[pair[e[x], e[x]], e[x]], A[w]]],
  not[subclass[w, MONOIDS]], not[subclass[U[w], x]] == True
```

```
In[21]:= or[equal[0, w_], equal[e[A[w_]], e[x_]],
  not[member[pair[pair[e[x_], e[x_]], e[x_]], A[w_]]], not[member[x_, MONOIDS]],
  not[subclass[w_, MONOIDS]], not[subclass[U[w_], x_]] := True
```