

binary homomorphisms from INTADD to a group

Johan G. F. Belinfante
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```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["1:"]; << goedel.13feb04a
      :Package Title: goedel.13feb04a          2013 February 4 at 6:00 p.m.
      Loading takes about sixteen minutes, half that time due to builtin pauses.
      It is now: 2013 Feb 21 at 10:59
      Loading Simplification Rules
      TOOLS.M is now incorporated in the GOEDEL program as of 2010 September 3
      weightlimit = 40
      Loading completed.
      It is now: 2013 Feb 21 at 11:16
```

summary

Any binary homomorphism t from **INTADD** to a group $\mathbf{gp}[x]$ is determined by the element $\mathbf{APPLY}[t, \text{id}[\omega] \circ \mathbf{SUCC}] \in \mathbf{range}[\mathbf{gp}[x]]$.

In this notebook a concise formulation of this is derived that does not involve the variable t .

Comment. The set $\mathbf{gp}[x]$ in general could be either empty or a group. But here, the assumption $t \in \mathbf{binhom}[\mathbf{INTADD}, \mathbf{gp}[x]]$ implies that $\mathbf{gp}[x]$ is not empty, so it is indeed a group.

derivation

Theorem.

```
In[2]:= SubstTest[implies, and[member[t, binhom[INTADD, x]], member[u, binhom[NATADD, INTADD]]],
      member[composite[t, u], binhom[NATADD, x]], u -> composite[INVERSE, PLUS]] // Reverse
Out[2]= or[member[composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS], binhom[NATADD, x]],
      not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, x]]]] = True
In[3]:= or[member[composite[t_, INVERSE, PLUS], binhom[NATADD, x_]],
      not[member[t_, binhom[INTADD, x_]]]] := True
```

The functions **PLUS** and **INVERSE** \circ **PLUS** are binary homomorphisms from natural into integer addition. One can therefore manufacture two binary homomorphisms from **NATADD** to $\mathbf{gp}[x]$ from any $t \in \mathbf{binhom}[\mathbf{INTADD}, \mathbf{gp}[x]]$.

Lemma.

```
In[4]:= SubstTest[implies, member[t, GROUPS],
  or[equal[w, iterate[composite[t, LEFT[APPLY[w, set[0]]]], set[e[t]]]],
  not[member[w, binhom[NATADD, t]]]], t → gp[x] // Reverse

Out[4]= or[equal[0, gp[x]],
  equal[w, iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[w, set[0]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[w, binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]]]] == True

In[5]:= (% /. {w → w_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

The first literal is redundant.

Theorem. Any binary homomorphism from **NATADD** to **gp[x]** is a list of powers.

```
In[6]:= SubstTest[and, implies[p, q], or[p, q], {p → equal[0, gp[x]],
  q → or[equal[w, iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[w, set[0]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[w, binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]]]]}]

Out[6]= or[equal[w, iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[w, set[0]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[w, binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]]]] == True

In[7]:= or[equal[iterate[composite[gp[x_], LEFT[APPLY[w_, set[0]]]], set[e[gp[x_]]], w_],
  not[member[w_, binhom[NATADD, gp[x_]]]]] := True
```

The above result can now be specialized to the two binary homomorphisms $t \circ \mathbf{PLUS}$ and $t \circ \mathbf{INVERSE} \circ \mathbf{PLUS}$. This first case is easy.

Lemma.

```
In[8]:= SubstTest[or,
  equal[w, iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[w, set[0]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[w, binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]]], w → composite[t, PLUS] // Reverse

Out[8]= or[equal[composite[t, PLUS], iterate[
  composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[composite[t, PLUS], binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]]]] == True

In[9]:= (% /. {t → t_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. (The easy case.)

```
In[10]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3],
  not[implies[p1, p3]], {p1 → member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]],
  p2 → member[composite[t, PLUS], binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]],
  p3 → equal[composite[t, PLUS], iterate[composite[gp[x],
  LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]]}]] // Reverse

Out[10]= or[equal[composite[t, PLUS], iterate[
  composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] == True
```

```
In[11]:= or[equal[composite[t_, PLUS], iterate[
  composite[gp[x_], LEFT[APPLY[t_, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x_]]]],
  not[member[t_, binhom[INTADD, gp[x_]]]]] := True
```

The other case requires only a little more work.

Lemma.

```
In[12]:= SubstTest[or,
  equal[w, iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[w, set[0]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[w, binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]], w → composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[12]= or[equal[composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS], iterate[composite[gp[x],
  LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  not[member[composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS], binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]]]] = True
```

```
In[13]:= (% /. {t → t_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[14]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3],
  not[implies[p1, p3]], {p1 → member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]],
  p2 → member[composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS], binhom[NATADD, gp[x]]],
  p3 → equal[composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS], iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[
  APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]]]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[14]= or[equal[composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS],
  iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]]],
  set[e[gp[x]]]], not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] = True
```

```
In[15]:= (% /. {t → t_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

One extra step is required: binary homomorphisms preserve inverses.

Lemma.

```
In[16]:= SubstTest[implies, member[t, binhom[gp[w], gp[x]]],
  equal[composite[t, inv[gp[w]]], composite[inv[gp[x]], t]], w → INTADD] // Reverse
```

```
Out[16]= or[equal[composite[inv[gp[x]], t], composite[t, id[Z], INVERSE]],
  not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] = True
```

```
In[17]:= (% /. {t → t_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

The factor `id[Z]` is not needed here.

Theorem. A binary homomorphism from `INTADD` to a group `gp[x]` takes negatives to the inverses.

```
In[18]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2],
  implies[p1, p3], implies[and[p2, p3], p4], not[implies[p1, p4]],
  {p1 -> member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], p2 -> equal[domain[t], Z],
  p3 -> equal[composite[inv[gp[x]], t], composite[t, id[Z], INVERSE]],
  p4 -> equal[composite[inv[gp[x]], t], composite[t, INVERSE]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[18]= or[equal[composite[t, INVERSE], composite[inv[gp[x]], t]],
  not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]] == True
```

```
In[19]:= or[equal[composite[inv[gp[x_]], t_], composite[t_, INVERSE]],
  not[member[t_, binhom[INTADD, gp[x_]]]] := True
```

In particular, the value of t at -1 is the inverse of its value at $+1$.

Lemma.

```
In[20]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[u, v],
  equal[APPLY[u, w], APPLY[v, w]], {u -> composite[funpart[t], INVERSE],
  v -> composite[inv[gp[x]], funpart[t]], w -> plus[set[0]]} // Reverse
```

```
Out[20]= or[equal[APPLY[funpart[t], composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]],
  APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[funpart[t], composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  not[equal[composite[funpart[t], INVERSE], composite[inv[gp[x]], funpart[t]]]] == True
```

```
In[21]:= (% /. {t -> t_, x -> x_}) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Lemma. (Remove the **funpart** wrapper.)

```
In[22]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[t, funpart[w]],
  or[equal[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]],
  APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  not[equal[composite[t, INVERSE], composite[inv[gp[x]], t]]], w -> t] // Reverse
```

```
Out[22]= or[equal[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]],
  APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  not[equal[composite[t, INVERSE], composite[inv[gp[x]], t]], not[FUNCTION[t]]] == True
```

```
In[23]:= (% /. {t -> t_, x -> x_}) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Finally, the **FUNCTION** literal can be omitted.

Theorem.

```
In[24]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p1, p3], implies[and[p2, p3], p4],
  not[implies[p1, p4]], {p1 -> member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], p2 -> FUNCTION[t],
  p3 -> equal[composite[t, INVERSE], composite[inv[gp[x]], t]],
  p4 -> equal[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]],
  APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[24]= or[equal[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]],
  APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]] == True
```

```
In[25]:= (% /. {t → t_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. (The harder case.)

```
In[26]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2],
  implies[p1, p3], implies[and[p2, p3], p4], not[implies[p1, p4]],
  {p1 -> member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], p2 -> equal[composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS],
    iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]]]],
    set[e[gp[x]]]]], p3 -> equal[APPLY[t, composite[inverse[SUCC], id[omega]]],
    APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], p4 -> equal[
    composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS], iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[inv[gp[x]],
    APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]]]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[26]= or[equal[composite[inv[gp[x]], iterate[
  composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS]], not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] = True
```

```
In[27]:= or[equal[composite[inv[gp[x_]], iterate[
  composite[gp[x_], LEFT[APPLY[t_, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x_]]]],
  composite[t_, INVERSE, PLUS]], not[member[t_, binhom[INTADD, gp[x_]]]]] := True
```

Lemma.

```
In[28]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p1, p3], implies[and[p2, p3], p4],
  not[implies[p1, p4]], {p1 -> member[t, binhom[INTADD, x]], p2 → FUNCTION[t],
  p3 → equal[domain[t], Z], p4 -> subclass[t, cart[Z, V]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[28]= or[not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, x]]], subclass[t, cart[Z, V]]] = True
```

```
In[29]:= (% /. {t → t_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Main Theorem. Any binary homomorphism t from **INTADD** to a group $\mathbf{gp}[x]$ is determined by the element $\mathbf{APPLY}[t, \mathbf{id}[\omega] \circ \mathbf{SUCC}]$.

```
In[30]:= (Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[and[p1, p2, p3], p4], implies[and[p1, p2], p5], implies[
  and[p1, p3], p6], implies[and[p4, p5, p6], p7], not[implies[and[p1, p2, p3], p7]],
  {p1 → member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], p2 → equal[u, composite[t, PLUS]],
  p3 → equal[v, composite[t, INVERSE, PLUS]], p4 → equal[t,
  union[composite[u, inverse[PLUS]], composite[v, inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]], p5 →
  equal[u, iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  set[e[gp[x]]]], p6 → equal[v, iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[
  APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x]]]],
  p7 → equal[t, union[composite[iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[
  APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS]],
  composite[iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[t, composite[
  id[omega], SUCC]]]], set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]]]]] //
Reverse) /. {u -> composite[t, PLUS], v -> composite[t, INVERSE,
PLUS}}
```

```
Out[30]= or[equal[t, union[
  composite[iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS]], composite[inv[gp[x]],
  iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]],
  not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] == True
```

```
In[31]:= or[equal[t_, union[
  composite[iterate[composite[gp[x_], LEFT[APPLY[t_, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  set[e[gp[x_]]], inverse[PLUS]], composite[inv[gp[x_]],
  iterate[composite[gp[x_], LEFT[APPLY[t_, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  set[e[gp[x_]]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]],
  not[member[t_, binhom[INTADD, gp[x_]]]]] := True
```

a special case

Corollary. A special case.

```
In[36]:= (SubstTest[or, equal[t, union[
  composite[iterate[composite[gp[w], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  set[e[gp[w]]], inverse[PLUS]], composite[inv[gp[w]],
  iterate[composite[gp[w], LEFT[APPLY[t, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
  set[e[gp[w]]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]],
  not[member[t, binhom[INTADD, gp[w]]]], w → INTADD] //
Reverse) /. t → inttimes[int[x]]
```

```
Out[36]= equal[inttimes[int[x]], union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[int[x]], inverse[PLUS]],
  composite[INVERSE, MIXMUL, LEFT[int[x]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]] == True
```

```
In[38]:= union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[int[x_]], inverse[PLUS]], composite[INVERSE,
  MIXMUL, LEFT[int[x_]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]] := inttimes[int[x]]
```

Corollary.

```
In[48]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, int[t]],
  equal[union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS]], composite[INVERSE,
    MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]], inttimes[x]], t → x] // Reverse
Out[48]= or[equal[inttimes[x], union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS]], composite[
  INVERSE, MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]], not[member[x, Z]]] == True
In[49]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[53]:= SubstTest[implies, and[empty[u], empty[v]], equal[u, v],
  {u → inttimes[x], v → union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS]],
    composite[INVERSE, MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]}] // Reverse
Out[53]= or[equal[inttimes[x], union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS]],
  composite[INVERSE, MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]], member[x, Z]] == True
In[54]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem.

```
In[55]:= SubstTest[and, implies[p, q], or[p, q], {p → member[x, Z],
  q → equal[inttimes[x], union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS]],
    composite[INVERSE, MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]}}]
Out[55]= equal[inttimes[x], union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS]],
  composite[INVERSE, MIXMUL, LEFT[x], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]] == True
In[57]:= union[composite[MIXMUL, LEFT[x_], inverse[PLUS]],
  composite[INVERSE, MIXMUL, LEFT[x_], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]] := inttimes[x]
```

reformulation

The general, but complicated, explicit formula derived in the first section has the following simple corollary.

Corollary.

```

In[58]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p3], implies[p1, p4],
  implies[and[p2, p3, p4], p5], not[implies[and[p1, p2], p5]],
  {p1 → and[member[u, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], member[v, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]],
    p2 → equal[APPLY[u, composite[id[omega], SUCC]],
      APPLY[v, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]], p3 → equal[u, union[
        composite[iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[u, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
          set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS]], composite[iterate[composite[gp[x],
            LEFT[APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[u, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
              set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]], p4 → equal[v, union[
                composite[iterate[composite[gp[x], LEFT[APPLY[v, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
                  set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS]], composite[iterate[composite[gp[x],
                    LEFT[APPLY[inv[gp[x]], APPLY[v, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]],
                      set[e[gp[x]]], inverse[PLUS], INVERSE]]], p5 → equal[u, v]]] // Reverse

Out[58]= or[equal[u, v], not[
  equal[APPLY[u, composite[id[omega], SUCC]], APPLY[v, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]],
  not[member[u, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], not[member[v, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] = True

In[59]:= or[equal[u_, v_], not[equal[APPLY[u_, composite[id[omega], SUCC]],
  APPLY[v_, composite[id[omega], SUCC]]], not[member[u_, binhom[INTADD, gp[x_]]],
  not[member[v_, binhom[INTADD, gp[x_]]]]] := True

```

The variables u and v in this statement can be eliminated to obtain an elegant formulation of the fact that binary homomorphisms from integer addition to any group are uniquely determined by their values at $+1$.

Lemma.

```

In[60]:= member[pair[u, v], composite[inverse[eval[w]], eval[w]]] // AssertTest

Out[60]= member[pair[u, v], composite[inverse[eval[w]], eval[w]]] =
  and[equal[APPLY[funpart[u], w], APPLY[funpart[v], w]],
  member[u, V], member[v, V], member[w, domain[funpart[u]]]]

In[61]:= member[pair[u_, v_], composite[inverse[eval[w_]], eval[w_]]] :=
  and[equal[APPLY[funpart[u], w], APPLY[funpart[v], w]],
  member[u, V], member[v, V], member[w, domain[funpart[u]]]]

```

Lemma.

```

In[62]:= SubstTest[implies, and[equal[u, funpart[s]], equal[v, funpart[t]]],
  or[equal[u, v], not[equal[APPLY[funpart[u], composite[id[omega], SUCC]], APPLY[
    funpart[v], composite[id[omega], SUCC]]], not[member[u, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]],
    not[member[v, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]], {s → u, t → v}] // Reverse

Out[62]= or[equal[u, v], not[equal[APPLY[funpart[u], composite[id[omega], SUCC]],
  APPLY[funpart[v], composite[id[omega], SUCC]]],
  not[FUNCTION[u]], not[FUNCTION[v]], not[member[u, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]],
  not[member[v, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] = True

In[63]:= (% /. {u → u_, v → v_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed

```

Lemma.


```
In[64]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p3], implies[p1, p4],
  implies[and[p1, p2, p3, p4], p5], not[implies[and[p1, p2], p5]],
  {p1 → and[member[u, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], member[v, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]],
  p2 → equal[APPLY[funpart[u], composite[id[omega], SUCC]],
  APPLY[funpart[v], composite[id[omega], SUCC]]],
  p3 → FUNCTION[u], p4 → FUNCTION[v], p5 → equal[u, v]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[64]= or[equal[u, v], not[equal[APPLY[funpart[u], composite[id[omega], SUCC]],
  APPLY[funpart[v], composite[id[omega], SUCC]]],
  not[member[u, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], not[member[v, binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]] = True
```

```
In[65]:= (% /. {u → u_, v → v_, x → x_}) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Main Theorem. Binary homomorphisms from integer addition to any group are uniquely determined by their values at $+1$.

```
In[66]:= Map[empty[composite[Id, complement[#]]] &,
  SubstTest[class, pair[u, v], implies[member[pair[u, v], w], equal[u, v]],
  w → composite[id[binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]], inverse[eval[composite[id[omega], SUCC]]],
  eval[composite[id[omega], SUCC]], id[binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]]]]
```

```
Out[66]= FUNCTION[composite[id[binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]],
  inverse[eval[composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]] = True
```

```
In[67]:= FUNCTION[composite[id[binhom[INTADD, gp[x_]]],
  inverse[eval[composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]] := True
```

Corollary. A special case.

```
In[70]:= SubstTest[FUNCTION, composite[id[binhom[INTADD, gp[x]]],
  inverse[eval[composite[id[omega], SUCC]]], x → RATADD] // Reverse
```

```
Out[70]= FUNCTION[composite[id[binhom[INTADD, RATADD]],
  inverse[eval[composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]] = True
```

```
In[71]:= FUNCTION[composite[id[binhom[INTADD, RATADD]],
  inverse[eval[composite[id[omega], SUCC]]]] := True
```