

binop[x] \subset COMPOSE

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```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["1:"]; << goedel.11oct04b
      :Package Title: goedel.11oct04b           2011 October 4 at 3:20 p.m.
      Loading takes about thirteen minutes, half that time due to builtin pauses.
      It is now: 2011 Oct 7 at 16:6
      Loading Simplification Rules
      TOOLS.M is now incorporated in the GOEDEL program as of 2010 September 3
      weightlimit = 40
      Loading completed.
      It is now: 2011 Oct 7 at 16:18
```

summary

A subset of **COMPOSE** is a binary operation if and only if it is the restriction of **COMPOSE** to the cartesian square of a set which is closed under composition. All such binary operations are semigroups. An example is the addition of non-negative integers.

derivation

Theorem. The restriction of **COMPOSE** to $x \times x$ is a binary operation if and only if $x \in \text{binclosed}[\text{COMPOSE}]$.

```
In[2]:= SubstTest[and, FUNCTION[t], equal[domain[t], cartsq[fix[domain[t]]]],
      subclass[range[t], fix[domain[t]]], member[t, V],
      t -> composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]]
```

```
Out[2]= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]], BINOPS] ==
      and[member[x, V], subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]]
```

```
In[3]:= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x_, x_]]], BINOPS] :=
      and[member[x, V], subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]]
```

Lemma.

```
In[4]:= Map[empty, dif[id[binclosed[COMPOSE]], image[inverse[CART], image[
  inverse[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]]], BINOPS]]] // Normality]
```

```
Out[4]= subclass[binclosed[COMPOSE], fix[image[inverse[CART],
  image[inverse[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]]], BINOPS]]] = True
```

```
In[5]:= % /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. A variable-free restatement.

```
In[6]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[u, v], subclass[image[t, u], image[t, v]],
  {t → composite[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], CART],
  u → id[binclosed[COMPOSE]], v → image[inverse[CART],
  image[inverse[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]]], BINOPS]]} // Reverse
```

```
Out[6]= subclass[image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]], BINOPS] = True
```

```
In[7]:= subclass[image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]], BINOPS] := True
```

Observation. The following inclusion follows from this.

```
In[8]:= subclass[image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]], intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]]]
```

```
Out[8]= True
```

The reverse inclusion will be derived in the next section and is combined with the above inclusion to obtain a variable-free equation.

the reverse inclusion

The **binop** wrapper will be used to derive the reverse inclusion.

Lemma.

```
In[9]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[u, v], subclass[image[t, u], image[t, v]],
  {t → composite[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  u → set[domain[binop[x]], v → image[CART, Id]]} // Reverse
```

```
Out[9]= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]],
  image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], image[CART, Id]]] = True
```

```
In[10]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. If $\mathbf{binop}[x] \subset \mathbf{COMPOSE}$, then $\mathbf{binop}[x]$ is the restriction of $\mathbf{COMPOSE}$ to $\mathbf{domain}[\mathbf{binop}[x]]$.

```
In[11]:= Map[implies[subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE], #] &, SubstTest[equal, u,
  composite[funpart[v], id[domain[u]]], {u → binop[x], v → COMPOSE}]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[11]= or[equal[binop[x], composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]]]],
  not[subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE]]] == True
```

```
In[12]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem.

```
In[13]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3],
  not[implies[p1, p3]], {p1 → subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE],
  p2 → equal[binop[x], composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]]]],
  p3 → member[binop[x], image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, Id]]}]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[13]= or[member[binop[x],
  image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], image[CART, Id]]],
  not[subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE]]] == True
```

```
In[14]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Corollary.

```
In[15]:= Map[equal[V, domain[#]] &,
  SubstTest[reify, x, case[or[member[binop[x], u], not[subclass[binop[x], v]]],
  {u → image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], image[CART, Id]],
  v → COMPOSE}]]
```

```
Out[15]= subclass[intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]],
  image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], image[CART, Id]]] == True
```

```
In[16]:= subclass[intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]],
  image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], image[CART, Id]] := True
```

Theorem.

```
In[17]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3],
  not[implies[p1, p3]], {p1 → subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE],
  p2 → equal[binop[x], composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]]]],
  p3 → member[composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]], BINOPS]}]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[17]= or[member[composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]], BINOPS],
  not[subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE]]] == True
```

```
In[18]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[19]:= SubstTest[implies, member[t, BINOPS], subclass[range[t], fix[domain[t]]],
  t → composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[19]= or[not[member[composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]], BINOPS]],
  subclass[image[COMPOSE, domain[binop[x]]], fix[domain[binop[x]]]]] == True
```

```
In[20]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. If $\text{binop}[x] \subset \text{COMPOSE}$, then $\text{fix}[\text{domain}[\text{binop}[x]]]$ is closed under composition.

```
In[21]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3],
  not[implies[p1, p3]], {p1 → subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE],
  p2 → member[composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]], BINOPS], p3 →
  subclass[image[COMPOSE, domain[binop[x]]], fix[domain[binop[x]]]}]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[21]= or[not[subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE]],
  subclass[image[COMPOSE, domain[binop[x]]], fix[domain[binop[x]]]] = True
```

```
In[22]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[23]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[u, v], subclass[image[t, u], image[t, v]],
  {t → composite[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]]},
  u → set[domain[binop[x]], v → image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[23]= or[member[composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]],
  image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]]]],
  not[subclass[image[COMPOSE, domain[binop[x]]], fix[domain[binop[x]]]]] = True
```

```
In[24]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. The promised reverse inclusion.

```
In[25]:= Map[equal[V, domain[reify[x, case[#]]]] &,
  Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3], implies[p1, p4],
  implies[and[p3, p4], p5], not[implies[p1, p5]], {p1 → subclass[binop[x], COMPOSE],
  p2 → subclass[image[COMPOSE, domain[binop[x]]], fix[domain[binop[x]]],
  p3 → member[composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]], image[IMAGE[composite[
  id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]]]],
  p4 → equal[binop[x], composite[COMPOSE, id[domain[binop[x]]]]],
  p5 → member[binop[x], image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]]]]}]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[25]= subclass[intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]],
  image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]]] = True
```

```
In[26]:= % /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Main Theorem. A variable-free equation.

```
In[27]:= SubstTest[and, subclass[u, v], subclass[v, u],
  {u → image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]]}, v → intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]]}]
```

```
Out[27]= equal[image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
  image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]], intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]]] = True
```

```
In[28]:= image[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]],
           image[CART, id[binclosed[COMPOSE]]]] := intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]]
```

semigroup result

Lemma.

```
In[29]:= SubstTest[implies, and[associative[t], subclass[image[t, cart[x, x]], x]],
               associative[composite[t, id[cart[x, x]]], t -> COMPOSE] // Reverse
```

```
Out[29]= or[associative[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]],
           not[subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]]] == True
```

```
In[30]:= or[associative[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x_, x_]]],
           not[subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x_, x_]], x_]]] := True
```

Lemma.

```
In[31]:= Map[implies[and[member[x, V], subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]], #] &, SubstTest[
           and, associative[t], member[t, BINOPS], t -> composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]]]
```

```
Out[31]= or[member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]], SEMIGPS],
           not[member[x, V], not[subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]]] == True
```

```
In[32]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Lemma. (Converse result.)

```
In[33]:= SubstTest[implies, member[t, SEMIGPS],
               member[t, BINOPS], t -> composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[33]= or[and[member[x, V], subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]],
           not[member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]], SEMIGPS]]] == True
```

```
In[34]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Theorem. The restriction of **COMPOSE** to $x \times x$ is a semigroup if and only if $x \in \mathbf{binclosed[COMPOSE]}$.

```
In[35]:= equiv[member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x, x]]], SEMIGPS],
             and[member[x, V], subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]]]
```

```
Out[35]= True
```

```
In[36]:= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[x_, x_]]], SEMIGPS] :=
           and[member[x, V], subclass[image[COMPOSE, cart[x, x]], x]]
```

Lemma.

```
In[37]:= Map[empty, dif[id[binclosed[COMPOSE]], image[inverse[CART], image[
    inverse[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]]], SEMIGPS]]] // Normality]
Out[37]= subclass[binclosed[COMPOSE], fix[image[inverse[CART],
    image[inverse[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]]], SEMIGPS]]]] = True
In[38]:= % /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. Any binary operation which is a subset of **COMPOSE** is a semigroup.

```
In[39]:= Map[or[#, subclass[intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]], SEMIGPS]] &,
    SubstTest[implies, subclass[u, v], subclass[image[t, u], image[t, v]],
    {t → composite[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]], CART],
    u → id[binclosed[COMPOSE]], v → image[inverse[CART], image[
    inverse[IMAGE[composite[id[COMPOSE], inverse[FIRST]]]], SEMIGPS]]}]] // Reverse
Out[39]= subclass[intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]], SEMIGPS] = True
In[40]:= subclass[intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]], SEMIGPS] := True
```

Corollary. An equation.

```
In[41]:= SubstTest[and, subclass[u, v], subclass[v, u],
    {u → intersection[SEMIGPS, P[COMPOSE]], v → intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]]}]
Out[41]= equal[intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]], intersection[SEMIGPS, P[COMPOSE]]] = True
In[42]:= intersection[SEMIGPS, P[COMPOSE]] := intersection[BINOPS, P[COMPOSE]]
```

addition of non-negative integers

The non-negative integers form a semigroup under addition.

```
In[43]:= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]], SEMIGPS]
Out[43]= True
```

Theorem. This semigroup is commutative.

```
In[44]:= Map[member[#, COMMUTATIVE] &,
    Assoc[INTADD, cross[PLUS, PLUS], inverse[cross[PLUS, PLUS]]]] // Reverse
Out[44]= equal[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]],
    composite[COMPOSE, SWAP, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] = True
In[45]:= composite[COMPOSE, SWAP, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]] :=
    composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]
```

Lemma.

```
In[46]:= Map[member[id[omega], range[#]] &,
  SubstTest[fix, composite[inverse[FIRST], Di, COMPOSE, SWAP, id[cart[x, x]]],
  x -> range[PLUS]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[46]= member[id[omega],
  image[fix[composite[inverse[FIRST], Di, COMPOSE]], range[PLUS]]] == False
```

```
In[47]:= % /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Theorem. The integer zero is a neutral element for addition.

```
In[48]:= Map[member[id[omega], #] &, SubstTest[intersection, fix[domain[w]],
  complement[domain[fix[composite[inverse[SECOND], Di, w]]]],
  complement[range[fix[composite[inverse[FIRST], Di, w]]]],
  w -> composite[COMPOSE, id[cartsq[range[PLUS]]]]]]
```

```
Out[48]= member[id[omega], ids[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]]] == True
```

```
In[49]:= % /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Theorem.

```
In[50]:= Map[member[id[omega], #] &,
  SubstTest[ids, binop[t], t -> composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]]]
```

```
Out[50]= equal[e[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]], id[omega]] == True
```

```
In[51]:= e[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] := id[omega]
```

Theorem.

```
In[52]:= SubstTest[ids, binop[t],
  t -> composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[52]= ids[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] == set[id[omega]]
```

```
In[53]:= ids[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] := set[id[omega]]
```

Lemma. Addition is associative.

```
In[54]:= SubstTest[associative, semigr[t],
  t -> composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[54]= associative[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] == True
```

```
In[55]:= associative[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]]] := True
```

Theorem. The non-negative integers form a monoid under addition.

```
In[56]:= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]], MONOIDS] // AssertTest
```

```
Out[56]= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]], MONOIDS] == True
```

```
In[57]:= member[composite[COMPOSE, id[cart[range[PLUS], range[PLUS]]]], MONOIDS] := True
```