

upward and downward directed partial orders

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```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["1:"]; << goedel81.02a; << tools.m

:Package Title: goedel81.02a          2006 May 2 at 11:55 a.m.

It is now: 2006 May 4 at 13:24

Loading Simplification Rules

TOOLS.M                               Revised 2006 March 7

weightlimit = 40
```

summary

A partial order x is **directed upward** if any pair of elements in $\mathbf{fix}[x]$ have an upper bound:

```
In[3]:= assert[forall[u, v,
    implies[and[member[u, fix[x]], member[v, fix[x]]], not[empty[ub[x, set[u, v]]]]]]]

Out[3]= subclass[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[inverse[x], x]]
```

When x is a partial order, the reverse inclusion also holds, so one can strengthen this to an equation. Similarly, a partial order x is **directed downward** if $\mathbf{inverse}[x]$ is directed upward. In general, a partial order need not be directed either upward or downward, but both hold for lattices. In this notebook, it is shown that total orders and complete lattices are directed upward and downward.

results for total orders

For total orders, the simplest strategy is to use the `to` wrapper.

Lemma:

```
In[4]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[v, w], subclass[composite[u, v], composite[u, w]],
    {u → to[x], v → id[fix[to[x]]], w → inverse[to[x]]}]

Out[4]= subclass[to[x], composite[to[x], inverse[to[x]]] == True

In[5]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[6]:= SubstTest[subclass, inverse[u], inverse[v],
  {u → to[x], v → composite[to[x], inverse[to[x]]}]
```

```
Out[6]= subclass[inverse[to[x]], composite[to[x], inverse[to[x]]] == True
```

```
In[7]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[8]:= SubstTest[subclass, union[u, v], w,
  {u → to[x], v → inverse[to[x]], w → composite[to[x], inverse[to[x]]}]
```

```
Out[8]= subclass[cart[fix[to[x]], fix[to[x]]], composite[to[x], inverse[to[x]]] == True
```

```
In[9]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. Total orders are directed downward.

```
In[10]:= SubstTest[and, subclass[u, v], subclass[v, u], {u → composite[to[x], inverse[to[x]]},
  w → cart[fix[to[x]], fix[to[x]]], v → union[to[x], inverse[to[x]]}]
```

```
Out[10]= True == equal[cart[fix[to[x]], fix[to[x]]], composite[to[x], inverse[to[x]]]
```

```
In[11]:= composite[to[x_], inverse[to[x_]]] := cart[fix[to[x]], fix[to[x]]]
```

Corollary. Total orders are directed upward as well.

```
In[12]:= SubstTest[composite, to[y], inverse[to[y]], y → inverse[to[x]]]
```

```
Out[12]= composite[inverse[to[x]], to[x]] == cart[fix[to[x]], fix[to[x]]]
```

```
In[13]:= composite[inverse[to[x_]], to[x_]] := cart[fix[to[x]], fix[to[x]]]
```

The theorems derived above can be restated, replacing the **to** wrappers with **TOTALORDER** literals, as follows.

```
In[14]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, to[y]],
  equal[composite[x, inverse[x]], cart[fix[x], fix[x]], y → x]
```

```
Out[14]= or[equal[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[x, inverse[x]]], not[TOTALORDER[x]]] == True
```

```
In[15]:= or[equal[cart[fix[x_], fix[x_]], composite[x_, inverse[x_]]],
  not[TOTALORDER[x_]]] := True
```

```
In[16]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, to[y]],
  equal[composite[inverse[x], x], cart[fix[x], fix[x]], y → x]
```

```
Out[16]= or[equal[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[inverse[x], x]], not[TOTALORDER[x]]] == True
```

```
In[17]:= or[equal[cart[fix[x_], fix[x_]], composite[inverse[x_], x_]],
  not[TOTALORDER[x_]]] := True
```

results for complete lattices

Lemma.

```
In[18]:= image[inverse[PAIRSET], domain[UB[x]]] // RelnNormality
```

```
Out[18]= image[inverse[PAIRSET], domain[UB[x]]] == composite[inverse[x], x]
```

```
In[19]:= image[inverse[PAIRSET], domain[UB[x_]]] := composite[inverse[x], x]
```

Similarly, replacing x with $\text{inverse}[x]$, one has:

```
In[20]:= SubstTest[image, inverse[PAIRSET], domain[UB[y]], y → inverse[x]]
```

```
Out[20]= image[inverse[PAIRSET], domain[LB[x]]] == composite[x, inverse[x]]
```

```
In[21]:= image[inverse[PAIRSET], domain[LB[x_]]] := composite[x, inverse[x]]
```

Lemma.

```
In[22]:= Map[implies[#, subclass[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[inverse[x], x]]] &,
  SubstTest[subclass, cart[fix[x], fix[x]],
    image[inverse[PAIRSET], y], y → domain[UB[x]]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[22]= or[not[subclass[image[PAIRSET, cart[fix[x], fix[x]]], domain[UB[x]]]],
  subclass[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[inverse[x], x]] == True
```

```
In[23]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Theorem. Complete lattices are directed upward.

```
In[24]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3],
  implies[p3, p4], implies[p4, p5], not[implies[p1, p5]], {p1 → member[x, CL],
  p2 → equal[P[fix[x]], domain[LUB[x]]], p3 → subclass[P[fix[x]], domain[UB[x]]],
  p4 → subclass[image[PAIRSET, cart[fix[x], fix[x]]], domain[UB[x]]],
  p5 → subclass[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[inverse[x], x]],
  p6 → subclass[composite[inverse[x], x], cart[fix[x], fix[x]]}]]]
```

```
Out[24]= or[not[member[x, CL]], subclass[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[inverse[x], x]] == True
```

```
In[25]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Lemma.

```
In[26]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3], not[implies[p1, p3]],
  {p1 → member[x, CL], p2 → equal[fix[x], domain[x]], p3 → subclass[domain[x], fix[x]]}]]]
```

```
Out[26]= or[not[member[x, CL]], subclass[domain[x], fix[x]] == True
```

```
In[27]:= (% /. x → x_) /. Equal → SetDelayed
```

Corollary. A conditional equation.

```
In[28]:= SubstTest[and, implies[p, subclass[u, v]], implies[p, subclass[v, u]],  
             {p → member[x, CL], u → cart[fix[x], fix[x]], v → composite[inverse[x], x]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[28]= or[equal[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[inverse[x], x]], not[member[x, CL]]] == True
```

```
In[29]:= or[equal[cart[fix[x_], fix[x_]], composite[inverse[x_], x_]],  
           not[member[x_, CL]]] := True
```

Similarly, complete lattices are directed downward.

```
In[30]:= Map[implies[member[x, CL], #] &, SubstTest[implies, member[y, CL],  
           equal[composite[inverse[y], y], cart[fix[y], fix[y]]], y → inverse[x]]]
```

```
Out[30]= or[equal[cart[fix[x], fix[x]], composite[x, inverse[x]]], not[member[x, CL]]] == True
```

```
In[31]:= or[equal[cart[fix[x_], fix[x_]], composite[x_, inverse[x_]]],  
           not[member[x_, CL]]] := True
```