

the set Z of integers

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```
<< goedel52.q28; << tools.m
:Package Title: goedel52.q28          2002 November 14 at 4:55 p.m.

It is now: 2002 Nov 15 at 15:6

Loading Simplification Rules

TOOLS.M                               Revised 2002 November 15

weightlimit = 40
```

■ summary

Integers are equivalence classes of the equivalence relation **EQUIDIFF**. Some basic facts about the set Z of integers are derived in this notebook.

■ first rules

The class Z of integers.

```
Z // Normality // Reverse

image[VERTSECT[EQUIDIFF], cart[omega, omega]] == Z

image[VERTSECT[EQUIDIFF], cart[omega, omega]] := Z
```

The negative of an integer is an integer.

```
Map[image[# , cart[omega, omega]] &,
  SubstTest[VERTSECT, composite[x, SWAP], x -> EQUIDIFF]]

image[IMAGE[SWAP], Z] == Z

image[IMAGE[SWAP], Z] := Z
```

The empty set is not an integer. This fact will be needed below.

```
member[0, Z] // AssertTest

member[0, Z] == False
```

Here is another way to show this:

```

SubstTest[member, 0, image[VERTSECT[x], domain[x]], x -> EQUIDIFF]
member[0, Z] == False

member[0, Z] := False

```

■ sethood rule

```

ImageComp[inverse[E], VERTSECT[EQUIDIFF], cart[omega, omega]] // Reverse
U[Z] == cart[omega, omega]

U[Z] := cart[omega, omega]

```

As a corollary, it follows that the class of integers is a set.

```

SubstTest[member, U[x], V, x -> Z] // Reverse
member[Z, V] == True

member[Z, V] := True

```

■ integers

```

member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], V] // AssertTest
member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], V] == True

member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x_]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y_]], V] := True

```

The following is a temporary rule; the converse will be proved later in this notebook.

```

SubstTest[implies, member[u, v], subclass[image[w, singleton[u]], image[w, v]],
  {u -> PAIR[x, y], v -> cart[omega, omega], w -> VERTSECT[EQUIDIFF]}]

or[member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], Z],
  not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]]] == True

or[member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x_]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y_]], Z],
  not[member[x_, omega]], not[member[y_, omega]]] := True

```

■ some reasoning

The following is a consequence of the fact that the empty set is not an integer:

```

SubstTest[implies, and[equal[0, z], member[z, y]], member[0, y], y -> Z]

or[not[equal[0, z]], not[member[z, Z]]] == True

or[not[equal[0, z_]], not[member[z_, Z]]] := True

```

Some more temporary lemmas are needed. Here is one:

```
SubstTest[implies, equal[u, z], equal[composite[u, v], composite[z, v]], z -> 0]
or[equal[0, intersection[domain[u], range[v]]], not[equal[0, u]]] == True
or[equal[0, intersection[domain[u_], range[v_]]], not[equal[0, u_]]] := True
```

Here is another:

```
Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3], not[implies[p1, p3]],
  {p1 -> and[member[x, omega], member[y, omega]],
    p2 -> member[union[x, y], omega],
    p3 -> member[union[x, y], image[inverse[S], omega]]}]]]
or[member[union[x, y], image[inverse[S], omega]],
  not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]]] == True
or[member[union[x_, y_], image[inverse[S], omega]],
  not[member[x_, omega]], not[member[y_, omega]]] := True
```

This fact ...

```
equiv[or[not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]],
  not[member[union[x, y], image[inverse[S], omega]]],
  or[not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]]]]
True
```

... justifies the following temporary simplification rule:

```
or[not[member[x_, omega]], not[member[y_, omega]],
  not[member[union[x_, y_], image[inverse[S], omega]]] :=
  or[not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]]]
```

The following technical lemma is also needed:

```
SubstTest[equal, composite[u, v], 0,
  {u -> composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD]],
  v -> composite[NATADD, RIGHT[y]]}]
or[not[member[x, V]], subclass[V,
  union[intersection[complement[image[V, intersection[omega, singleton[y]]]],
    image[V, singleton[x]]], intersection[
  complement[image[image[inverse[NATADD], image[S, singleton[y]]], singleton[x]],
    image[V, singleton[x]]]]]]] ==
  or[not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]]]
or[not[member[x_, V]], subclass[V,
  union[intersection[complement[image[V, intersection[omega, singleton[y_]]]],
    image[V, singleton[x_]]], intersection[
  complement[image[image[inverse[NATADD], image[S, singleton[y_]]], singleton[x_]],
    image[V, singleton[x_]]]]]]] :=
  or[not[member[x, omega]], not[member[y, omega]]]
```

The converse part of the theorem in the preceding section now follows:

```
SubstTest[implies, member[z, Z], not[equal[0, z]],
  z -> composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]]]
or[and[member[x, omega], member[y, omega]], not[
  member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], Z]]] == True
```

```
or[and[member[x_, omega], member[y_, omega]], not[
  member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x_]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y_]], Z]] := True
```

The theorem and its converse can be combined to obtain a permanent rewrite rule:

```
equiv[and[member[x, omega], member[y, omega]],
  member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], Z]]
True

member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x_]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y_]], Z] :=
  and[member[x, omega], member[y, omega]]
```

■ some particular integers

This is the integer zero:

```
SubstTest[member, composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], Z,
  {x -> 0, y -> 0}]

member[id[omega], Z] == True

member[id[omega], Z] := True
```

This is the integer one:

```
SubstTest[member, composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], Z,
  {x -> 0, y -> singleton[0]}]

member[composite[id[omega], SUCC], Z] == True

member[composite[id[omega], SUCC], Z] := True
```

■ positive and negative integers in general

```
SubstTest[member, composite[inverse[RIGHT[y]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[x]], Z,
  y -> 0]

member[composite[NATADD, RIGHT[x]], Z] == member[x, omega]

member[composite[NATADD, RIGHT[x_]], Z] := member[x, omega]

SubstTest[member, composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD], NATADD, RIGHT[y]], Z,
  y -> 0]

member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x]], inverse[NATADD]], Z] == member[x, omega]

member[composite[inverse[RIGHT[x_]], inverse[NATADD]], Z] := member[x, omega]
```