

monotone relations are functions

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```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["1:"]; << goedel.10aug06a; << tools.m

:Package Title: goedel.10aug06a          2010 August 6 at 8:00 p.m.

It is now: 2010 Aug 7 at 8:38

Loading Simplification Rules

TOOLS.M                                Revised 2010 July 26

weightlimit = 40
```

summary

Monotone relations are functions. This interesting fact was discovered in the course of trying to understand a recently derived theorem about monotone functions. A generalization of the following recently derived theorem is obtained, dropping the hypothesis that x be a function.

```
In[85]:= implies[and[FUNCTION[x], subclass[composite[x, S, inverse[x]], S]],
             subclass[x, composite[S, CORE[fix[x]]]]]
```

```
Out[85]= True
```

It was then discovered that the appearance of having generalized the existing theorem is in fact illusory because the monotonicity hypothesis implies that $\mathbf{Id} \circ x$ is a function.

derivation

Lemma.

```
In[76]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[u, v], subclass[composite[u, w], composite[v, w]],
                {u -> composite[x, S, id[y]], v -> S, w -> E}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[76]= or[not[subclass[composite[x, S, id[y]], S]],
            subclass[composite[x, inverse[CORE[y]]], S]] == True
```

```
In[77]:= or[not[subclass[composite[x_, S, id[y_]], S]],
            subclass[composite[x_, inverse[CORE[y_]]], S]] := True
```

Lemma.

```
In[79]:= or[not[subclass[composite[x, S, id[y]], S]],
          subclass[composite[Id, x], composite[S, CORE[y]]] // AssertTest
```

```
Out[79]= or[not[subclass[composite[x, S, id[y]], S]],
          subclass[composite[Id, x], composite[S, CORE[y]]] = True
```

```
In[80]:= or[not[subclass[composite[x_, S, id[y_]], S]],
          subclass[composite[Id, x_], composite[S, CORE[y_]]] := True
```

Theorem.

```
In[83]:= Map[not, SubstTest[and, implies[p1, p2], implies[p2, p3],
                          not[implies[p1, p3]], {p1 → subclass[composite[x, S, inverse[x]], S],
                          p2 → subclass[composite[x, S, id[fix[x]]], S],
                          p3 → subclass[composite[Id, x], composite[S, CORE[fix[x]]]}]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[83]= or[not[subclass[composite[x, S, inverse[x]], S]],
          subclass[composite[Id, x], composite[S, CORE[fix[x]]]] = True
```

```
In[84]:= or[not[subclass[composite[x_, S, inverse[x_]], S]],
          subclass[composite[Id, x_], composite[S, CORE[fix[x_]]]] := True
```

The appearance of having generalized the existing theorem is illusory because the monotonicity requirement implies that $\mathbf{Id} \circ \mathbf{x}$ is a function. This fact will now be derived.

Theorem.

```
In[92]:= SubstTest[subclass, t, intersection[u, v],
                  {t → composite[x, inverse[x]], u → S, v → inverse[S]}]
```

```
Out[92]= subclass[composite[x, inverse[x]], S] = FUNCTION[composite[Id, x]]
```

```
In[93]:= subclass[composite[x_, inverse[x_]], S] := FUNCTION[composite[Id, x]]
```

Theorem.

```
In[96]:= SubstTest[implies, subclass[composite[x, S, inverse[x]], t],
                  subclass[composite[x, inverse[x]], t], t → S // Reverse
```

```
Out[96]= or[FUNCTION[composite[Id, x]], not[subclass[composite[x, S, inverse[x]], S]] = True
```

```
In[97]:= or[FUNCTION[composite[Id, x_]], not[subclass[composite[x_, S, inverse[x_]], S]] := True
```

Theorem. A variable-free restatement of the theorem that monotone relations are functions.

```
In[104]:= Map[equal[V, #] &, dif[cliques[complement[cross[S, complement[S]]]],
              image[inverse[IMAGE[id[cart[V, V]]], FUNDS]] // complement // Normality
```

```
Out[104]= subclass[
  intersection[cliques[complement[cross[S, complement[S]]], P[cart[V, V]]], FUNDS] = True
```

```
In[105]:=
  subclass[intersection[
    cliques[complement[cross[S, complement[S]]], P[cart[V, V]], FUNS] := True
```