

inttimes[int[x]] is the range of a subgroup

Johan G. F. Belinfante
2011 December 17

```
In[1]:= SetDirectory["1:"]; << goedel.11dec15a
      :Package Title: goedel.11dec15a          2011 December 15 at 5:30 p.m.
      Loading takes about thirteen minutes, half that time due to builtin pauses.
      It is now: 2011 Dec 17 at 2:16
      Loading Simplification Rules
      TOOLS.M is now incorporated in the GOEDEL program as of 2010 September 3
      weightlimit = 40
      Loading completed.
      It is now: 2011 Dec 17 at 2:29
```

summary

The function **inttimes[int[x]]** and its inverse are both ranges of subgroups of the group **direct[INTADD, INTADD]**.

derivation

Theorem. A general result about **binhom** specialized to **INTADD**.

```
In[2]:= SubstTest[subclass, binhom[funpart[x], y],
      binclosed[direct[funpart[x], y], {x → INTADD, y → INTADD}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[2]= subclass[binhom[INTADD, INTADD],
      binclosed[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]] == True
```

```
In[3]:= subclass[binhom[INTADD, INTADD],
      binclosed[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]] := True
```

Lemma. The function **inttimes[int[x]]** is binary closed under **direct[INTADD, INTADD]**.

```
In[4]:= SubstTest[implies, and[member[u, v], subclass[v, w]],
      member[u, w], {u → inttimes[int[x]], v → binhom[INTADD, INTADD],
      w → binclosed[direct[INTADD, INTADD]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[4]= subclass[composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[int[x]], inttimes[int[x]]], inverse[INTADD]],
      inttimes[int[x]]] == True
```

```
In[5]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

The above inclusion can be strengthened to an equation and made into a rewrite rule. One can also eliminate the **int** wrapper.

Lemma. An equation for **inttimes[int[x]]**.

```
In[6]:= SubstTest[implies, and[subclass[u, v], FUNCTION[v]],
  equal[u, composite[v, id[domain[u]]]],
  {u -> composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[int[x]], inttimes[int[x]], inverse[INTADD]],
  v -> inttimes[int[x]]} // Reverse
```

```
Out[6]= equal[composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[int[x]], inttimes[int[x]], inverse[INTADD]],
  inttimes[int[x]]] == True
```

```
In[7]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Lemma. (Eliminate the **int** wrapper.)

```
In[8]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, int[t]],
  equal[composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[x], inttimes[x]], inverse[INTADD]],
  inttimes[x], t -> x] // Reverse
```

```
Out[8]= or[equal[composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[x], inttimes[x]], inverse[INTADD]],
  inttimes[x], not[member[x, Z]]] == True
```

```
In[9]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

This still has a redundant literal which will now be removed.

Lemma.

```
In[10]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[t, 0],
  equal[composite[INTADD, cross[t, t], inverse[INTADD]], t], t -> inttimes[x]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[10]= or[equal[composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[x], inttimes[x]], inverse[INTADD]],
  inttimes[x], member[x, Z]] == True
```

```
In[11]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Theorem. A better rewrite rule.

```
In[12]:= SubstTest[and, implies[p, q], or[p, q],
  {p -> member[x, Z], q -> equal[composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[x], inttimes[x]],
  inverse[INTADD]], inttimes[x]]}
```

```
Out[12]= equal[composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[x], inttimes[x]], inverse[INTADD]],
  inttimes[x]] == True
```

```
In[13]:= composite[INTADD, cross[inttimes[x_], inttimes[x_]], inverse[INTADD]] := inttimes[x]
```

Corollary. A similar result holds for **inverse[inttimes[x]]**.

```
In[14]:= composite[INTADD, inverse[cross[inttimes[x], inttimes[x]]], inverse[INTADD]] //
DoubleInverse
```

```
Out[14]= composite[INTADD, cross[inverse[inttimes[x]], inverse[inttimes[x]]],
inverse[INTADD]] = inverse[inttimes[x]]
```

```
In[15]:= composite[INTADD, cross[inverse[inttimes[x_]], inverse[inttimes[x_]]],
inverse[INTADD]] := inverse[inttimes[x]]
```

Lemma.

```
In[16]:= SubstTest[intersection, binclosedgp[t],
fix[IMAGE[inv[gp[t]]]], t -> direct[INTADD, INTADD]] // Reverse
```

```
Out[16]= intersection[binclosed[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]],
fix[IMAGE[cross[composite[id[Z], INVERSE], composite[id[Z], INVERSE]]]]] =
union[image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]], set[0]]
```

```
In[17]:= intersection[binclosed[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]],
fix[IMAGE[cross[composite[id[Z], INVERSE], composite[id[Z], INVERSE]]]]] :=
union[image[IMAGE[SECOND], intersection[GROUPS,
P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]], set[0]]
```

Main Theorem. The function **inttimes[int[x]]** is the range of a subgroup of **direct[INTADD, INTADD]**.

```
In[18]:= SubstTest[member, inttimes[int[x]], intersection[u, v],
{u -> binclosed[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]], v -> fix[
IMAGE[cross[composite[id[Z], INVERSE], composite[id[Z], INVERSE]]]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[18]= member[inttimes[int[x]], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]] = True
```

```
In[19]:= member[inttimes[int[x_]], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]] := True
```

Lemma. The inverse of **inttimes[x]** is fixed by imaging with the inversion function for **direct[INTADD, INTADD]**.

```
In[21]:= composite[INVERSE, inverse[inttimes[x]], INVERSE] // DoubleInverse
```

```
Out[21]= composite[INVERSE, inverse[inttimes[x]], INVERSE] = inverse[inttimes[x]]
```

```
In[22]:= composite[INVERSE, inverse[inttimes[x_]], INVERSE] := inverse[inttimes[x]]
```

Theorem. The function **inverse[inttimes[int[x]]]** is the range of a subgroup of **direct[INTADD, INTADD]**.

```
In[23]:= SubstTest[member, inverse[inttimes[int[x]]], intersection[u, v],
{u -> binclosed[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]], v -> fix[
IMAGE[cross[composite[id[Z], INVERSE], composite[id[Z], INVERSE]]]]}] // Reverse
```

```
Out[23]= member[inverse[inttimes[int[x]]], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]] = True
```

```
In[24]:= member[inverse[inttimes[int[x_]]], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]] := True
```

wrapper-free and variable-free restatements

Lemma. Eliminating the `int` wrapper.

```
In[25]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, int[t]],
member[inttimes[x], image[IMAGE[SECOND], intersection[GROUPS,
P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]], t -> x] // Reverse

Out[25]= or[member[inttimes[x], image[IMAGE[SECOND], intersection[GROUPS,
P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]], not[member[x, Z]]] == True
```

```
In[26]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Lemma. A converse result.

```
In[27]:= SubstTest[implies, member[t, image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]],
not[empty[t]], t -> inttimes[x]] // Reverse

Out[27]= or[member[x, Z], not[member[inttimes[x], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]]]] == True

In[28]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

The above two results can be combined into a single rewrite rule.

Theorem. A wrapper-free restatement of the main theorem.

```
In[29]:= equiv[member[inttimes[x], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]], member[x, Z]]

Out[29]= True

In[30]:= member[inttimes[x_], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]] := member[x, Z]
```

The following is a variable-free restatement of the main theorem.

Theorem. The class `binhom[INTADD, INTADD]` is a subclass of the class of ranges of subgroups of `direct[INTADD, INTADD]`.

```
In[31]:= Map[equal[V, domain[#]] &,
SubstTest[reify, x, case[implies[member[x, Z], member[inttimes[x], t]], t -> image[
IMAGE[SECOND], intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]]]]

Out[31]= subclass[binhom[INTADD, INTADD], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]] == True
```

```
In[32]:= subclass[binhom[INTADD, INTADD], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]] := True
```

Lemma.

```
In[33]:= SubstTest[implies, equal[x, int[t]],
member[inverse[inttimes[x]], image[IMAGE[SECOND], intersection[
GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]], t -> x] // Reverse
```

```
Out[33]= or[member[inverse[inttimes[x]], image[IMAGE[SECOND], intersection[GROUPS,
P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]], not[member[x, Z]]] == True
```

```
In[34]:= (% /. x -> x_) /. Equal -> SetDelayed
```

Theorem. The same holds for **image[INVERSE, binhom[INTADD,INTADD]]**.

```
In[35]:= Map[equal[V, domain[#]] &, SubstTest[reify, x,
case[implies[member[x, Z], member[inverse[inttimes[x], t]]], t -> image[
IMAGE[SECOND], intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]]]]
```

```
Out[35]= subclass[image[INVERSE, binhom[INTADD, INTADD]], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]] == True
```

```
In[36]:= subclass[image[INVERSE, binhom[INTADD, INTADD]], image[IMAGE[SECOND],
intersection[GROUPS, P[composite[cross[INTADD, INTADD], TWIST]]]] := True
```