

## HOME WORK 8, ANALYSIS I

**Due December 3. Problems marked with asterisk are optional, but highly recommended. Please contact me if you have any questions!**

1\*. Give an example of a function on  $\mathbb{R}$ , continuous at all irrational points but discontinuous at the rational points. Provide all the proofs.

2\*. Give a second proof of the fact that any continuous function on  $[0, 1]$  is uniformly continuous: use the exercise 4 from Home work 7 about finite subcover property of compacts.

3. Prove that  $f$  is uniformly continuous on  $A$  if and only if, for any pair of equivalent sequences  $\{x_n\} \subset A$  and  $\{y_n\} \subset A$ , the sequences  $\{f(x_n)\}$  and  $\{f(y_n)\}$  are necessarily equivalent.

4. Find derivatives of

a)  $x^2 + 3x - 1$  at  $x_0 = 5$ ;

b)  $\cos \frac{x^2}{x+1} + \sin \frac{1}{x^2}$  at  $x_0 = 1$ ;

c)  $\sqrt{x^3 - \sin^2(3x)}$  at  $x_0 = 10$ .

5. Can it happen, that a function is differentiable at  $x_0$ , and has derivative equal to zero at  $x_0$ , but  $x_0$  is neither local maxima nor local minima?

6. Show that if  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is everywhere differentiable, and the function  $f'$  is bounded, then  $f$  is uniformly continuous.

7. Give an example of a function on  $[-1, 1]$  which is continuous, monotone, but not differentiable at  $x = 0$ .